If you are using a printed copy of this procedure, and not the on-screen version, then you <u>MUST</u> make sure the dates at the bottom of the printed copy and the on-screen version match.

The on-screen version of the Collider-Accelerator Department Procedure is the Official Version.

Hard copies of all signed, official, C-A Operating Procedures are kept on file in the C-A ESHQ

Training Office, Bldg. 911A.

### C-A OPERATIONS PROCEDURES MANUAL

#### **ATTACHMENT**

## 9.5.4.e Summary of C-A ALARA Practices

C-A-OPM Procedure in which this Attachment is used				
9.5.4				

# **Hand Processed Changes**

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P. Cirnigliaro

### SUMMARY OF ALARA METHODS AND WORK PRACTICES AT C-A

The following ALARA methods and work practices used to reduce exposure must be considered by the appropriate job supervisor, RCC, and FS representative.

- 1. Schedule work for longest effective cool-down time
- 2. Keep a history of equipment malfunction
- 3. Establish guidelines for area access based on radiation level
- 4. Train on mock-up equipment prior to performing the work
- 5. Design shielding for quick removal
- 6. Use remote areas for storage of hot equipment
- 7. Compile and assess prior exposure data prior for workers to work
- 8. Use a sufficient number of radiation monitoring points in the pre-job radiation survey
- 9. Select a trained and experienced work force
- 10. Identify and coordinate resource requirements
- 11. Perform ALARA pre-job review
- 12. Plan access to and exit from the work area
- 13. Provide for service lines (air, welding, ventilation)
- 14. Provide communication
- 15. Remove sources of radiation
- 16. Install temporary shielding
- 17. Decontaminate
- 18. Work in lowest radiation levels
- 19. Perform as much work as practicable outside radiation areas
- 20. State requirements for tools
- 21. State staging requirements for material, parts and tools
- 22. Incorporate radiological control holding points
- 23. Minimize discomfort of workers
- 24. Inspect shielding after installation
- 25. Conduct periodic radiation surveys during work
- 26. Balance exposure received during installation of shielding versus exposure saved by shielding
- 27. Shield travel routes
- 28. Shield components that have abnormally high radiation levels
- 29. Shield position occupied by worker
- 30. Keep excess personnel out of radiation area
- 31. Confine non-essential discussions to remote low-background areas
- 32. Have trained workers assist in radiation surveys
- 33. Evaluate use of fewer workers
- 34. Do not loiter or hold unnecessary conversations in radiological areas
- 35. In leak detection, use helium probe attached to a long handle
- 36. Consider using only one coil of failing magnet rather than replacing the magnet
- 37. Consider health physics coverage when dose rates go above 1 R/H in the work area

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